

September 2015

FL73282 Half-Bridge Gate Driver

Features

- Floating Channel for Bootstrap Operation to +900 V
- Typically 350 mA / 650 mA Sourcing/Sinking Current Driving Capability for Both Channels
- Common-Mode dv/dt Noise Canceling Circuit
- Extended Allowable Negative V_S Swing to -9.8 V for Signal Propagation at V_{CC}=V_{BS}=15 V
- Vcc & Vbs Supply Range from 10 V to 20 V
- UVLO Functions for Both Channels
- Matched Propagation Delay Below 50 ns
- Built-in 170 ns Dead-Time
- Output in Phase with Input Signal

Applications

- Fluorescent Lamp Ballast
- HID Ballast
- SMPS
- Motor Driver
- General Purpose Half Bridge Topology

Description

The FL73282, a monolithic half bridge gate-drive IC, can drive MOSFETs and IGBTs that operate up to +900 V. Fairchild's high-voltage process and common mode noise canceling technique provides stable operation of the high-side driver under high-dV_S/dt noise circumstances. An advanced level-shift circuit allows high-side gate driver operation up to Vs=-9.8 V (typical) for VBs=15 V. The UVLO circuits for both channels prevent malfunction when Vcc or VBs is lower than the specified threshold voltage. Output drivers typically source/sink 350 mA / 650 mA, respectively, which is suitable for all kinds of half- and full-bridge inverters.



Figure 1. SOP 8

Ordering Information

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Packing Method	
FL73282MX ⁽¹⁾	-40°C to +125°C	8-Lead, Small Outline Integrated Circuit, (SOIC)	Tape & Reel	

Note:

1. These devices passed wave-soldering test by JESD22A-111.

Typical Application Diagram

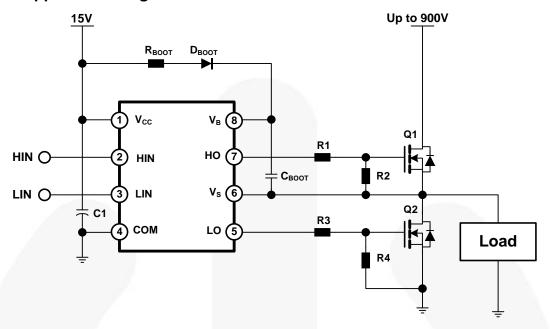


Figure 2. Application Circuit for Half Bridge Topology

Internal Block Diagram

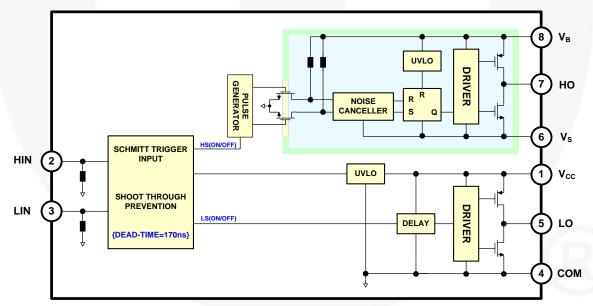


Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram

Pin Configuration

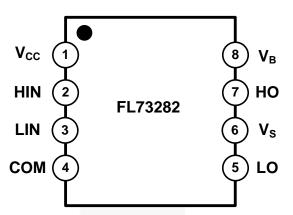


Figure 4. Pin Assignments (Top View)

Pin Definitions

Pin	Name	I/O	Description
1	V _{CC}		Low-Side Supply Voltage
2	HIN	I	Logic Input for High-Side Gate Driver Output
3	LIN	I	Logic Input for Low-Side Gate Driver Output
4	СОМ		Logic Ground and Low-Side Driver Return
5	LO	0	Low-Side Driver Output
6	Vs	I	High-Voltage Floating Supply Return
7	НО	0	High-Side Driver Output
8	V _B	I	High-Side Floating Supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the Absolute Maximum Ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
Vs	High-Side Floating Offset Voltage	V _B -24	V _B +0.3	V
V _B	High-Side Floating Supply Voltage	-0.3	924.0	V
Vcc	Low-Side and Logic-Fixed Supply Voltage	-0.3	24	V
V _{HO}	High-Side Floating Output Voltage V _{HO}	V _S -0.3	V _B +0.3	V
V _{LO}	Low-Side Floating Output Voltage V _{LO}	-0.3	V _{CC} +0.3	V
V _{IN}	Logic Input Voltage (HIN, LIN)	-0.3	V _{CC} +0.3	V
COM	Logic Ground	V _{CC} -24	V _{CC} +0.3	V
dV _S /dt	Allowable Offset Voltage Slew Rate		±50	V/ns
P _D ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Power Dissipation		0.625	W
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance		200	°C/W
TJ	Junction Temperature		150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55	150	°C

Notes:

- 2. Mounted on 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.6 mm PCB (FR-4 glass epoxy material).
- 3. Refer to the following standards: JESD51-2: Integral circuit's thermal test method environmental conditions, natural convection; JESD51-3: Low effective thermal conductivity test board for leaded surface-mount packages.
- 4. Do not exceed maximum power dissipation (P_D) under any circumstances.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	
V _B	High-Side Floating Supply Voltage	V _S +10	V _S +20	V	
Vs	High-Side Floating Supply Offset Voltage	6-V _{CC}	900	V	
V _{HO}	High-Side (HO) Output Voltage	Vs	V _B	V	
V_{LO}	Low-Side (LO) Output Voltage	COM	Vcc	V	
V _{IN}	Logic Input Voltage (HIN, LIN)	COM	V _{CC}	V	
Vcc	Low-Side Supply Voltage	10	20	V	
T _A	Ambient Temperature	-40	+125	°C	

Static Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{BIAS}(V_{CC},\,V_{BS})=15.0\,$ V, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified. The V_{IN} and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to COM. The V_O and I_O parameters are referenced to V_S and COM and are applicable to the respective outputs HO and LO.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Su	pply Section		•	•	•	·
I _{QCC}	Quiescent V _{CC} Supply Current	V _{IN} =0 V or 5 V		80	180	μА
I _{QBS}	Quiescent V _{BS} Supply Current	V _{IN} =0 V or 5 V		50	120	μА
IPCC	Operating V _{CC} Supply Current	f _{IN} =20 kHz, rms value			550	μА
IPBS	Operating V _{BS} Supply Current	f _{IN} =20 kHz, rms value			600	μΑ
I _{LK}	Offset Supply Leakage Current	V _B =V _S =900 V			10	μΑ
Bootstra	oped Supply Section		•		•	
V _{CCUV+} V _{BSUV+}	V _{CC} & V _{BS} Supply Under-Voltage Positive going Threshold		8.2	9.2	10.0	V
V _{CCUV} - V _{BSUV} -	V _{CC} & V _{BS} Supply Under-Voltage Negative going Threshold		7.6	8.7	9.6	V
V _{CCUVH} V _{BSUVH}	V _{CC} Supply Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis			0.5		V
Input Sec	tion		N.			
V _{IH}	Logic "1" Input Voltage		2.5			V
V_{IL}	Logic "0" Input Voltage		1		0.8	V
I _{IN+}	Logic "1" Input Bias Current	V _{IN} =5 V		20	50	μА
I _{IN-}	Logic "0" Input Bias Current	V _{IN} =0 V		1.0	2.0	μА
R _{IN}	Logic Input Pull-Down Resistance		100	250		ΚΩ
Gate Driv	er Output Section					
V_{OH}	High-Level Output Voltage, V _{BIAS} -V _O	I _O =0 A	/		85	mV
V _{OL}	Low-Level Output Voltage, Vo	I _O =0 A			85	mV
I _{O+}	Output HIGH Short-Circuit Pulsed Current	V _O =0 V,V _{IN} =5 V with PW≤10 μs	250	350		mA
l ₀₋	Output LOW Short-Circuit Pulsed Current	V _O =15 V,V _{IN} =0 V with PW≤10 μs	500	650		mA
Vs	Allowable Negative $V_{\rm S}$ Pin Voltage for HIN Signal Propagation to HO			-9.8	-7.0	V

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

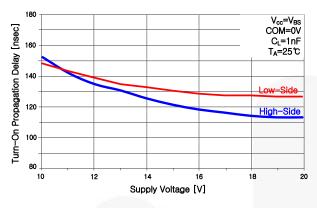
 $V_{BIAS}(V_{CC}, V_{BS}) = 15.0 \text{ V}, V_S = COM, C_L = 1000 \text{ pF} \text{ and } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified.}$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{ON}	Turn-On Propagation Delay	V _S =0 V	80	150	220	ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Propagation Delay	Vs=0 V or 900 V ⁽⁵⁾	80	150	220	ns
t _R	Turn-On Rise Time	V _{LIN} =V _{HIN} =5 V		60	140	ns
t _F	Turn-Off Fall Time	V _{LIN} =V _{HIN} =0 V		30	80	ns
DT	Dead Time		70	170	270	ns
MT	Delay Matching, HS & LS Turn-on/off				50	ns
t _{PW}	Minimum Input Pulse Width that changes the Output ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾				220	ns

Notes:

- These parameters are guaranteed by design.
 The minimum input pulse width time included dead time

Typical Characteristics



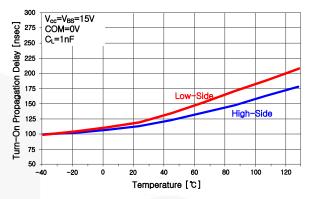
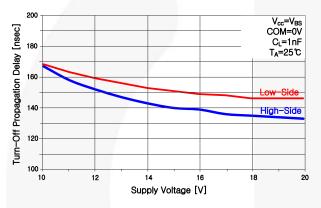


Figure 5. Turn-On Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 6. Turn-On Propagation Delay vs. Temperature



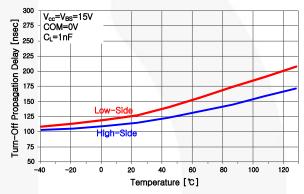
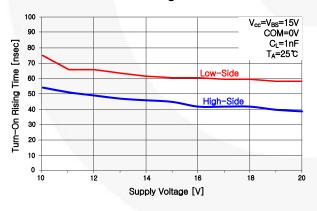


Figure 7. Turn-Off Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 8. Turn-Off Propagation Delay vs. Temperature



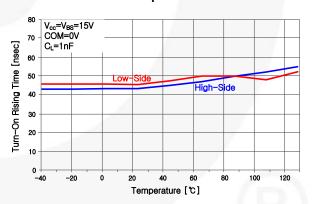
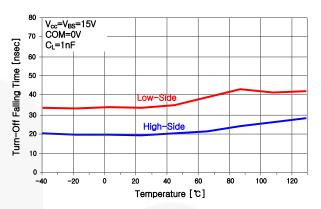


Figure 9. Turn-On Rising Time vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 10. Turn-On Rising Time vs. Temperature

Typical Characteristics (Continued) V_{cc}=V_{BS} COM=0V C_L=1nF T_A=25℃ Turn-Off Falling Time [nsec] 50 20 10 12 16 18 Supply Voltage [V] Figure 11. Turn-Off Falling Time vs. Supply Voltage V_{cc}=V_{BS} COM=0V 650 LO=HO=0V 600 T_A=25℃



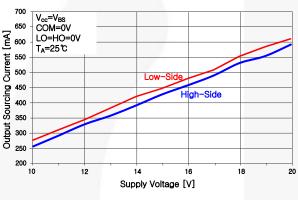


Figure 12. Turn-Off Falling vs. Temperature

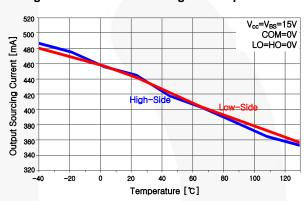


Figure 13. Output Sourcing Current vs. Supply Voltage

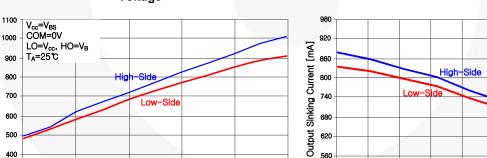


Figure 14. Output Sourcing Current vs. Temperature

Figure 16. Output Sinking Current vs. Temperature

40

Temperature [℃]

60

20

Figure 15. Output Sinking Current vs. Supply Voltage

Supply Voltage [V]

<u>m</u>

Output Sinking Current

300

12

V_{cc}=V_{BS}=15V COM=0V

LO=V_{cc}, HO=V_B

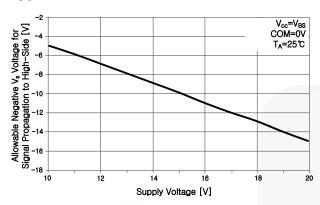
100

120

500

-40

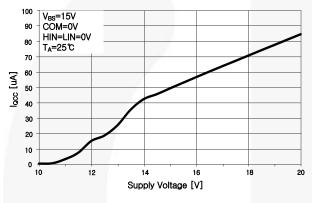
Typical Characteristics (Continued)



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Figure 17. Allowable Negative V_S Voltage for Signal Propagation to High Side vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 18. Allowable Negative V_S Voltage for Signal Propagation to High Side vs. Temperature



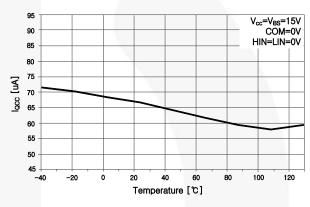
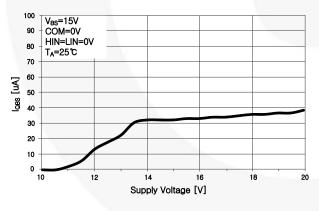


Figure 19. IQCC vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 20. IQCC vs. Temperature



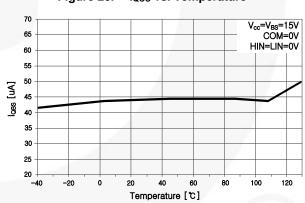


Figure 21. IQBS vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 22. I_{QBS} vs. Temperature

Typical Characteristics (Continued)

Σ

₹ 0.3

0.1

0.0

V_{cc}=V_{BS}=15V COM=0V 60 HIN=LIN=5V IL=0A 50 40 <u>_</u> 30 Š 20 High-Side 0 Low -10 120 -20 60 80 40 Temperature [℃]

Figure 23. High-Level Output Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

Supply Voltage [V]

V_{cc}=V_{BS} COM=0V

I_L=20mA

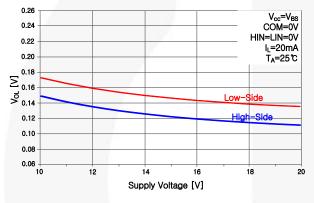
T_A=25℃

HIN=LIN=5V

Low-Side

High-Side

Figure 24. High-Level Output Voltage vs. Temperature



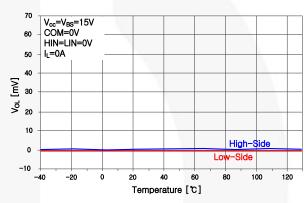
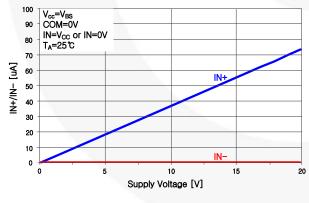


Figure 25. Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 26. Low-Level Output Voltage vs. Temperature



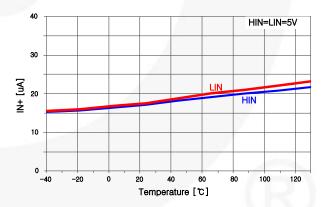
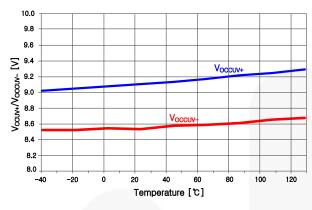


Figure 27. Input Bias Current vs. Supply Voltage

Figure 28. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature

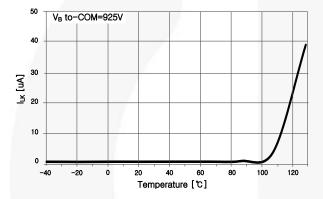
Typical Characteristics (Continued)



9.8 9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.6 8.6 8.7 8.0 7.8 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 Temperature [°C]

Figure 29. V_{CC} UVLO Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 30. V_{BS} UVLO Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



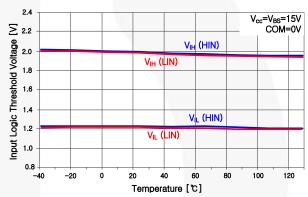


Figure 31. V_B to COM Leakage Current vs. Temperature

Figure 32. Input Logic Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

Switching Time Definitions

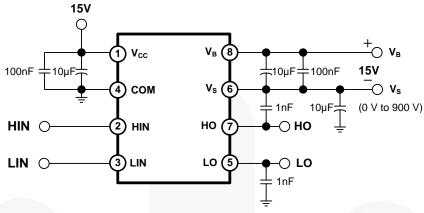


Figure 33. Switching Time Test Circuit

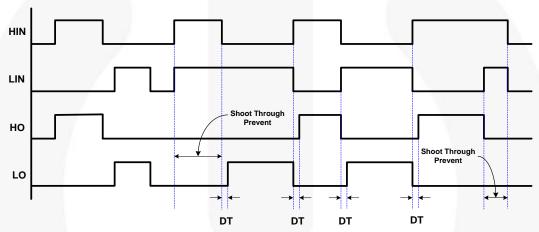
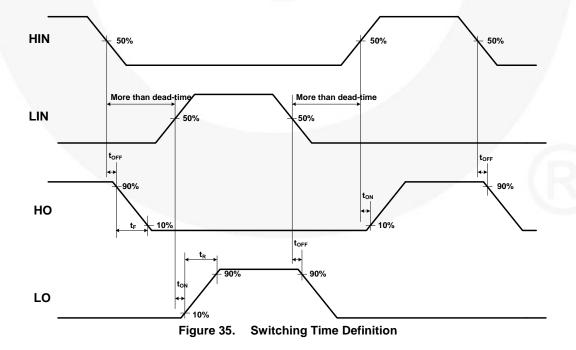


Figure 34. Input / Output Timing Diagram



Switching Time Definitions (Continued)

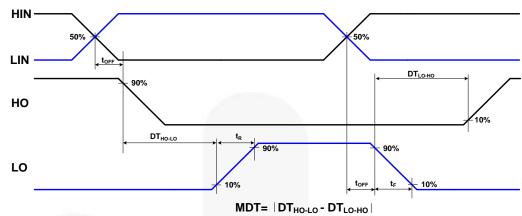


Figure 36. Internal Dead Time Definition







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